Rampart Radiation Scatter Report

A comprehensive analysis of the combined effect of the Rampart M1128 V2.0, L148 Table Mounted Shield & Multi-Purpose Shield (MPS) on radiation scatter in the cardiac catheterization lab as compared to conventional shielding methods such as lead-lined table drapes, overhead acrylic shielding, and lead aprons.

PROTOCOL

This test aims to evaluate the effectiveness of simultaneously using the Rampart M1128 V2.0, L148, and MPS shielding products on a phantom model to provide radiation protection for staff in cardiac catheterization laboratories. This shielding combination was compared against conventional radiation protective devices such as lead-lined table drapes, overhead acrylic shields, and 0.5mm lead aprons. A RaySafe 452 survey meter with Air Kerma plate was used for precise measurement of radiation attenuation.

CONCLUSIONS

- The combination of Rampart shielding showed overall reduced occupational radiation exposure rates compared to conventional shielding methods, including the use of 0.5mm lead aprons.
- The areas where the Rampart shielding most significantly outperforms conventional shielding include operator position 1 and the head height for all three operator positions.
- The effectiveness of the Rampart shielding at all heights and positions is exceptional and optimal in positions closer to the M1128 V2.0.
- Conventional shielding does not effectively protect all body parts from radiation exposure, such as the head and arms, particularly the left arm. This is another area where Rampart shielding is far more effective than conventional shielding.



SOURCE:

Lancer Smith / Nova Lumina LLC (2023): Rampart Radiation Scatter Report. TR-007-DHF-001/DHF-002 (M1128 V2, L148-MPS, L148-TMS) Rev A

Scan this QR code to find the complete report on the RAMPART website.

DATA

In AP C-Arm Configuration: The use of Rampart M1128 V2.0, L148 and MPS significantly reduces whole body radiation exposure for operators 1-3 when compared to conventional table drapes, overhead acrylic shielding, and lead aprons.

C-Arm Configuration: AP

Height	mrem/hr	Conventional table drapes and overhead acrylic shield (no lead aprons)	Conventional table drapes and overhead acrylic shield (lead apron worn and EDE conversion factor applied)	Conventional table drapes and overhead acrylic shield (with 0.5mm lead apron)	Rampart M1128 V2.0, L148 and MPS (no lead apron)		
Head	1	0.4889	0.4889	0.4889	0.0165		
Chest	OP 1	2.3280	0.6984	0.0903	0.0989		
Waist		4.3165	1.2950	0.1674	0.0175		
			1				
Head	7	1.4647	1.4647	1.4647	0.1319		
Chest	О	1.9303	0.5791	0.0748	0.0272		
Waist		0.7954	0.2386	0.0308	0.0194		
Head	m	0.7527	0.7527	0.7527	0.1261		
Chest	O	0.6955	0.2086	0.0270	0.0272		
Waist		0.3182	0.0954	0.0123	0.0223		
OP1 OP2 OP3 OP1 OP2 OP3 OP1 OP2 OP3							

In Cranial 30° LAO 30° C-Arm Configuration: At more extreme angles the use of Rampart M1128 V2.0, L148 and MPS continues to significantly reduce whole body radiation exposure for operators 1-3 when compared to conventional table drapes, overhead acrylic shielding, and lead aprons.

C-Arm Configuration: Cranial 30° LAO 30°

Height	mrem/hr	Conventional table drapes and overhead acrylic shield (no lead aprons)	Conventional table drapes and overhead acrylic shield (lead apron worn and EDE conversion factor applied)	Conventional table drapes and overhead acrylic shield (with 0.5mm lead apron)	Rampart M1128 V2.0, L148 and MPS (no lead apron)
Head	OP 1	5.1119	5.1119	5.1119	0.1688
Chest		20.3700	6.1110	0.7897	0.1484
Waist		11.4460	3.4338	0.4438	0.0107
Head	0P 2	7.3623	7.3623	7.3623	0.3434
Chest		9.7970	2.9391	0.3798	0.1581
Waist		3.8024	1.1407	0.1474	0.1232
Head	OP 3	3.8800	3.8800	3.8800	0.1979
Chest		4.0740	1.2222	0.1579	0.1688
Waist		2.2213	0.6664	0.0861	0.1067
		OP1 OP2 OP3	OP1 OP2 OP3	OP1 OP2 OP3	OP1 OP2 OP3